

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A magnetic resonance apparatus comprising:
- a main magnetic field generating assembly located in a magnetic resonance suite that generates a substantially spatially constant main magnetic field through at least a portion of a subject in an imaging region;
 - a gradient field generating assembly for overlaying spatially variant gradient magnetic fields onto the main magnetic field;
 - a radio frequency assembly for exciting magnetic resonance in dipoles in the imaging region;
 - a receiver for receiving magnetic resonance signals from the imaging region;
 - at least one radio frequency transponder affixed to an object in the magnetic resonance suite;
 - a transponder means for:
 - interrogating the transponder; and,
 - receiving data sent by the transponder, for indicating a location of the object to which it is affixed;
- wherein the data sent by the transponder includes an identity of the object with which it is associated, and further including
- a comparator that compares the identity of the object with approved objects.
2. (Previously Presented) The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 1, further including:
- a local radio frequency receive coil for receiving magnetic resonance signals, the at least one transponder being affixed to the coil, the transponder reporting the presence of the coil.
3. (Previously Presented) The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 2, further including:
- a transponder communication antenna located adjacent the imaging region to interrogate each coil located in the imaging region.

4. (Previously Presented) The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 3, wherein the magnetic field generating assembly is a bore type assembly and the communication antenna is located within the bore.

5. (Currently Amended) The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 4, wherein the data sent by the transponder includes an identity of the object with which it is associated, and further including
a comparator that compares the identity of the object with approved objects.

6. (Currently Amended) ~~The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 1,~~
~~further including:~~ A magnetic resonance apparatus comprising:
_____ a main magnetic field generating assembly located in a magnetic resonance suite
that generates a substantially spatially constant main magnetic field through at least a
portion of a subject in an imaging region;
_____ a gradient field generating assembly for overlaying spatially variant gradient
magnetic fields onto the main magnetic field;
_____ a radio frequency assembly for exciting magnetic resonance in dipoles in the
imaging region;
_____ a receiver for receiving magnetic resonance signals from the imaging region;
_____ at least one radio frequency transponder affixed to an object in the magnetic
resonance suite;
_____ a transponder means for:
_____ interrogating the transponder; and,
_____ receiving data sent by the transponder, for indicating a location of the
object to which it is affixed;

a coil interrogator that determines through physical connections identities of coils that are connected; and,

a means for comparing the identities to the connected coils with identities of coils identified by the transponder means.

7. (Previously Presented) The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 6, further including:

a coil identity and connectivity database which correlates coil identities determined through physical connections with coil identities determined by the transponder means.

8. (Currently Amended) ~~The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 1,~~ further including:

A magnetic resonance apparatus comprising:

~~..... a main magnetic field generating assembly located in a magnetic resonance suite that generates a substantially spatially constant main magnetic field through at least a portion of a subject in an imaging region;~~

~~..... a gradient field generating assembly for overlaying spatially variant gradient magnetic fields onto the main magnetic field;~~

~~..... a radio frequency assembly for exciting magnetic resonance in dipoles in the imaging region;~~

~~..... a receiver for receiving magnetic resonance signals from the imaging region;~~

~~..... at least one radio frequency transponder affixed to an object in the magnetic resonance suite;~~

~~..... a transponder means for:~~

~~..... interrogating the transponder; and,~~

~~..... receiving data sent by the transponder, for indicating a location of the object to which it is affixed;~~

and at least one additional object located in the magnetic resonance suite that is tagged with at least one transponder the transponder storing and transmits an identity which correlates to the at least one additional object.

9. (Previously Presented) The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 8, further including:

an object list that correlates the identities of objects present in the magnetic resonance suite with transponder identities.

10. (Previously Presented) The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 8, further including:

transponder antennae that cooperatively derive a location of the at least one additional object and triggers an emergency procedure if the location is within a pre-determined safety threshold.

11. (Previously Presented) The magnetic resonance apparatus as set forth in claim 1, wherein the at least one transponder operates at a frequency that does not interfere with operation of the radio frequency assembly.

12. (Original) A magnetic resonance receiving coil and radio frequency transponder combination for use in the magnetic resonance apparatus of claim 1.

13. (Currently Amended) A method of magnetic resonance comprising:
generating a main magnetic field through an imaging region;
overlaying gradient magnetic fields onto the main magnetic field;
exciting magnetic resonance in selected dipoles of at least a portion of a subject located in the imaging region;
receiving and demodulating the magnetic resonance; and
interrogating at least one radio frequency transponder to indicate a location of a physical object with which it is associated;
_____ transmitting a radio frequency signal detectable by the at least one transponder;
and,
_____ the transponder responding with a return radio frequency signal that identifies the transponder;
_____ wherein the at least one object includes at least one local coil and further including:
_____ detecting whether the local coil with which the at least one transponder (60) is associated is electrically connected to an imaging system.

14. (Currently Amended) The method as set forth in claim 1315, wherein the interrogating step further includes:

transmitting a radio frequency signal detectable by the at least one transponder;
and,

the transponder responding with a return radio frequency signal that identifies the transponder.

15. (Currently Amended) ~~The method as set forth in claim 14;~~ A method of magnetic resonance comprising:

generating a main magnetic field through an imaging region;
overlaying gradient magnetic fields onto the main magnetic field;
exciting magnetic resonance in selected dipoles of at least a portion of a subject located in the imaging region;
receiving and demodulating the magnetic resonance; and
interrogating at least one radio frequency transponder to indicate a location of a physical object with which it is associated wherein the interrogating step includes:

interrogating additional radio frequency transponders associated with additional objects, each transponder reporting a unique identity.

16. (Previously Presented) The method as set forth in claim 14, wherein the at least one object includes at least one local coil and further including:

detecting whether the local coil with which the at least one transponder (60) is associated is electrically connected to an imaging system.

17. (Original) The method as set forth in claim 16, further including:

comparing all local coils identified from the received transponder radio signals as being in the imaging region with the local coils which are connected to the imaging system to identify any local coils in the imaging region which are not electronically connected to the imaging system.

18. (Currently Amended) The method as set forth in claim 15, wherein a plurality of the transponders are associated with objects that are to be maintained at least a pre-selected distance from the imaging region during imaging and further including:

interrogating at least any of the transponders which are within the pre-selected distance of the imaging region and warning that its associated object is within the pre-selected distance.

19. (Previously Presented) The method as set forth in claim 14, wherein the step of transmitting includes transmitting in an RF band that is sufficiently removed from the operating frequency of radio frequency transmit and receive coils associated with a magnetic resonance device so as not to interfere with the operation of the coils.

20. (Previously Presented) A magnetic resonance apparatus comprising:

a main magnetic field generating assembly for generating a main magnetic field in an imaging region;

a gradient field assembly for imposing spatially variant gradient fields onto the main magnetic field;

a radio frequency transmit/receive assembly for exciting magnetic resonance in selected dipoles within the imaging region;

at least one local radio frequency receive coil located within a bore of the magnetic resonance apparatus, the coil having an electrical connection to the magnetic resonance apparatus;

a radio frequency identification transponder attached to the receive coil that carries at least the identity of the receive coil in an on-board memory;

a connection interrogator that determines identities of coils electrically connected to the apparatus;

a transponder reader/writer that determines identities of coils physically present inside the bore;

a comparator that detects discrepancies between the identities of the coils electrically connected to the apparatus and those physically present inside the bore.